



FDA Approved

What is it?

Syfovre is a medication used to treat a severe eye problem called geographic atrophy (GA) caused by age-related macular degeneration (AMD). It was approved by the FDA in February 2023. See below for more information.

How is it delivered?

SYFOVRE is delivered by injection into the eye.

How much will Syfovre cost me?

Syfovre may be covered by your insurance. There may be co-pay assistance programs to help cover the cost of the injection. Our billing department can give you a cost estimate.

What is geographic atrophy?

Geographic atrophy is an eye disease that can cause vision loss in people with macular degeneration.

Geographic atrophy occurs when the retina gets damaged badly enough that patches of the retina start to die. The damage is cause by the build up of toxic material under the retina.

If these dead patches are getting bigger, your doctor may recommend Syfovre injections into your eye.

What is the benefit of Syfovre?

Syfovre is expected to slow done how fast the retina dies in some patients, but not others. We'll work together to find out if it works for you.

Slowing down how fast the retina dies can help prevent further vision loss.

Syfovre will not restore vision already lost.

What are the risks?

- There are risks from Syfovre: The most common problem is Syfovre can increase the chance of developing a condition called choroidal neovascularization (or wet macular degeneration) from 3% to up to 12% if injected monthly. This is when new blood vessels grow in the eye, which can cause further damage to vision. The new blood vessels can be suppressed by the anti-VEGF medications injected to treat wet macular degeneration.
- Ischemic optic neuropathy was reported in 1.7% of patients treated monthly, 0.2% of patients treated every other month and 0.0% of patients assigned to sham; optic nerve damage can result in permanent vision loss by preventing vision signals from eye getting to the brain.

- Rare cases of damage to the retina from inflammation and destruction of blood vessels have been reported in 6 patients as of 7/20/2023 treated with Syfovre; this can result in severe and permanent vision loss.
- Any medication injected into the eye can cause damage to the eye from inflammation or infection.
- The injection procedure can damage the eye or lead to an infection inside the eye that can cause total loss of vision. Patients often have pain or discomfort during and after the injection; rarely discomfort can last for a long time.

